

**Directions:** Please answer the following questions in a typed document following MLA formatting. On time submission = printed document submitted in class on the due date AND submission to Turnitin.com by class time.

1. James 1:25 tells us that God's law is perfect, a "law of liberty." One of the implications of this is that in civilizations who honor God's Word seek to create law codes that provide liberty under the law. How does this contrast with how the Code of Hammurabi was designed and implemented (175)?
2. In the excerpt from the Code of Hammurabi, how is the sanctity of truth protected?
3. In the excerpt from the Code of Hammurabi, how is the sanctity of private property protected?
4. In the Great Hymn to Shamash, one of the attributes said to belong to Shamash is justice. Give examples of the justice attributed to Shamash. While we know that Shamash is not the true God, what does the justice of Shamash have in common with the justice of the God of the Bible?
5. What does the Shamash reading tell us about Sumerian/Mesopotamian society and beliefs? What is Shamash's role in this society and what powers does he have?
6. From the *Biblical Principles of Freedom* article, why is self-government indispensable to human freedom?
7. What effect does the presupposition that people are able to govern themselves have on civil government?